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ket rate; privilege for payment before due; we also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY & CO., Rooms 325-330, third floor, Lemcke building, In-

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TO LET-L. T. LEWIS, 144 East Market street FOR RENT-Restaurant, furnished or unfurnished. Call at the Shepherdson House, 37 to 43 ROOMS FOR RENT-Shepherdson Hotel, direct-

ly south of Union Depot, Mrs. E. Shepherdson proprietor. Rooms, 25c and 50c. 37 and 43 Mc-McNabb street. TO LET-6 per cent. net investment on real estate, Talbott Place Company; over one-half preferred stock subscribed. For full particulars call on W. E. STEVENSON, 126 E. Market st. TO-LET-Safe investment. Real estate security. No danger from competition. Land cannot be

dissipated. Talbott Place preferred stock nets you, free from taxation, 6 per cent. annually. A limited amount of stock on sale. Call W. E. STEVENSON, 126 E. Market st. 'Phone 1288. TO LET-Good as government bonds. Everybody with money is seeking to invest it safely. The safest place to invest money is in real estatethe basis of all security. I have a limited amount of Talbott Place preferred stock which guaran-tees upon its face 6 per cent. net, free from taxation, for twenty years. W. E. STEVENSON, 126 E. Market st. 'Phone 1288.

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WANTED-MALE HELP. WANTED-Men and boys this week; hair cutting 10c. 138 Virginia avenue. MORGAN. WANTED-Men-Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in eight weeks. Mailed free. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, Chi-

WANTED-For United States army, regular and volunteer, able-bodied unmarried men between ages of eighteen and thirty-five, of good character and temperate habits. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 N. Illinois st., In-

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Democracy and Trusts. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal:

Just now it seems hard to guess what battle cry our friends, the Democratic party, will adopt in the 1900 political fight. Will it be anti-gold standard, anti-trust, antiexpansion, anti-tariff or a combined trust of all four? Suppose it will make no difference what the anti is, we will see the anti and stay in. I don't believe they can win on a bluff. I think this year's great volume of business, the increased number of people employed and at better wages, settles the first and last anti. I believe I am more liberal than W. J. Bryan and other of their leaders, for I do not believe any political party favors trusts as we understand trusts. I will admit, as a Republican that trusts can be formed somewhat easier under a Republican administration than a Democratic, and why? Because there is no use for a trust or combination to advance prices and control the output of an article nless you have a market for the article. Only a short time back it would have been ble and folly to do so, if possible, for half the factories were closed and there was no market for what was made; hence no need for combination. In one way you can kill trusts; that is, stop the demand. When you see trusts forming and strikes plenty booming. Not that we can't have business without trusts and strikes, but we certainly cannot have trusts and strikes unless we have business going on, and going hard at that. If the Republican party is to blame for trusts and strikes, you must also give the same party credit for the great volume of business being done to-day and for the increased amount of labor employed. I fail to see, though, where Mr. Bryan ever mentions the amount of business doing; he never shows up the difference in our exports and our imports, the increase of circulation per capita, the gold increase in this country, etc. Let foreigners read one of his seeches and they would think we were country and quit. He lays great stress on the number of commercial travelers that have lost their jobs on account of trusts. ome have done so, I will admit, and regret, but not as many as under the last Democratic administration. I speak of this because he claims the present administration caused these men to lose their situations. For one commercial traveler, I believe the party that can, with an empty treasury, osecute a foreign war, more than double the business of the country, and have plenty of money worth 100 cents to the dollar, is perfectly able and will make laws sufficient to protect the people, one and all, against all combinations of capital. The best antitrust law ever made was in the McKinley tariff law, and it was killed by the Demoeratic Wilson law and defeated by the Democratic Senate, when the Republican lower house passed it in the Dingley law. f you don't believe this, read the McKinley

bill and then the Wilson bill. believe there are to-day more commercial travelers employed (counting those out on account of trusts) than eighteen months ago. I also believe the combinations of trusts will never reach to the extent that some fear. There is too much money seeking investment in this country for these trusts to prove a success. Still, I may be wrong, and am certainly ready at any and all times to do anything that will better my my fellow-friends' condition. Just now am for the gold standard, the present tariff lew, against trusts, and I believe in keeping all the territory we have and all we can get.

Indianapolis, July 16.

BOOM IN LAKE TRAFFIC

Lack of Tonnage to Meet the Enormous Summer Demand.

Coal Shippers Caught by Their Own Cupidity-Heavy Increase in Local Freight Business.

The Lake Marine News Bureau, at Chicago, to-day will say: The boom in lake traffic has at midsummer exceeded even the expectations of the most sanguine vessel owners at the opening of navigation last April. The advance in rates has been steady from week to week, first in one great line of traffic and then another, until it has reached the highest figures paid during the summer months in this decade. Still, with the advancing carrying charges, freight has steadily accumulated. There is more coal to be carried than there are ships to take it: there is more ore to go from the mines than vessels and were it not for the new position of the great trunk lines of railroads from Chicago to the seaboard, grain would be accumulating at upper lake ports for lack of tonnage to carry it to Eastern and foreign markets. Wages on lake vessels and on docks have been advanced from 10 to 15 per cent., practically every demand of the labor unions, excepting that of the grain shovelers at Buffalo, has either been granted or a satisfactory compromise reached.

"The direct cause of the boom in lake business is the great activity in the iron and steel trade. The iron mining companies are putting forth every effort to get down all the ore from the mines possible before winter. Notwithstanding their efforts the movement of ore is not sufficiently large to meet the demand of the furnaces. The Illinois Steel Company, at South Chicago, is a quarter of a million tons short of what it ought to have at this time of the year. The great steel plants in Ohio and Pittsburg are little better off, but they will need every ton they can secure. Less than three months ago even vessel men believed a dollar rate on iron ore from Lake Superior was a thing of the past, yet the iron-mining companies are now paying that figure.

"It seems likely the Northwest, supplied with coal from Lake Superior, will be in a bad way for fuel owing to the steadily advancing coal rates from Ohio ports. Instead of moving their stocks early in the season the coal shippers pursued the tactics which they had been so successful at in the years of depression. They got together and made an agreed rate, more than which they would not pay. The result was that when the coal ought to have been going forward ships were running back to Lake Superior without cargoes. At last when the coal shippers found they were under new conditions and were not masters of the situation, as they had been since the panic, they began to bid up, but in the meantime return freights had also advanced and they were as bad off as before. Vessel men say it is now impossible with the ships to be had, to take a sufficient supply of fuel to the Northwest for the coming winter, regardless of rates. From now until the close of navigation there will be nothing but rush in the lake business. Thus far the losses from disaster have been very small and the season to date is as profitable to the underwriters as to the vessel owners."

Enormous Freight Business.

The records show that a large amount of freight is moving on all lines. There were 735 more loaded cars moved last week than in the week preceding; 4,321 more than in the corresponding week in 1898; 4,397 more than in 1897 and 5,536 more than in the same week in 1896. The increase is mostly in through freights, local business having slightly fallen off. Much of the east-bound movement is due to the marketing of the new wheat crop, which is coming forward freely. The farmers are also putting their old corn on the market, and this adds a considerable item. The movement for the week ending July 15 is shown in the table

SHOWN	*** 5170	rante
1899.	1898.	1897.
540	484	620
470	458	462
835	720	994
507	503	406
751	639	
		- 1,003
889	726	636
1,860	1,617	1,506
2,733	1,994	1,693
768	643	545
1,196	704	882
2,245		2,263
V 3,099		2,693
	The second second	1,436
V 2,342	1,937	1,651
21.698	17.377	17,201
6,118	6,564	5,449
27,816	23,941	22,650
	1899. 540 470 470 835 507 751 1,236 889 1,860 2,733 768 1,196 2,245 V. 3,099 V. 2,227 V. 2,342 21,698 6,118	1899. 1898. 540 484 470 458 835 720 507 503 751 639 1,236 1,046 889 726 1,860 1,617 2,733 1,994 768 643 1,196 704 2,245 1,797 V. 3,099 2,288

The Vandalia Report.

The report of Volney T. Malott, receiver of the Terre Haute & Indianapolis Railroad Company, for the month of May, filed in the United States Circuit Court, shows: Cash on hand April 30, 1899...... \$261,401.68 Receipts during May, 1899...... 690,804.26

Disbursements during May 711,658.04 Cash on hand May 31, 1899...... Receipts Nov. 14, 1896, to May 31, Disbursements Nov. 14, 1896, to May 31, 1899...... 22,164,227.20

Balance \$240,547.90 The settlements made on account of operations prior to the receivership up to May 31, 1899, were: Receipts account prior business... \$736,056.68 Disbursements account prior busi-

Excess disbursements account prior business \$402,407.62 The result to the Terre Haute & Indianapolis Railroad Company after charging up expenses, taxes, interest on the company's bonds and rentals of leased lines was:

Profit operating T. H. & I. Railroad\$28,773.77 ing St. L., V. & T. H.

Railroad 10,649.15-\$13,914.60 Profit to T. H. & I. Railroad Profit to T. H. & I. Railroad Com-

Company for month...... \$14,859.17 pany during receivership 402,305.21 A New Position for Mr. Ingalls. It is reported that President Ingalls, of the Big Four and the Chesapeake & Ohio, is to resign, or has already resigned, his offices, and will be given a new position.

created expressly for him, the precise nature of which has not been announced, but which will be in the nature of general arbitrator for the leading roads of the country-especially the Vanderbilts, the Pennsylvania and the Morgan interests. It is said, upon apabout ready to wind up the affairs of this parently reliable authority, that the matter was decided upon some time ago, but for obvious reasons it has been kept from the knowledge of the public. Whether the report be true or not-and it has been impossible to verify it, for the reason that Mr. Ingalls is away from home and could not be located yesterday-it is extremely probable. Mr. Ingalls has not only shown marked ability as a railroad manager, but his previous experience as a railroad attorney eminently fits him for a position of the character indicated. It is said the salary attached to the new position he is to fil will be \$75,000 a year. The retirement of Mr. Ingalls from the Big Four and the C. & O. will lead, no doubt, to many changes in the official roster of the two roads, aside from the choosing of a new head or heads for the two systems. There is no indication as o who is likely to succeed Mr. Ingalls in these positions.

Probably Laid Off for the "Poem."

The Youth's Companion tells this story of a freight engineer's experience: No. 8 is the fastest east-bound train on one of the great trunk lines. Nothing is more annoying to the authorities of the road than to have this train delayed, even for five minutes, by inferior trains. But | cord the commissioner said: "The commishappened that it was once detained for | sion was grossly deceived by Senator

guilty freight conductor, asking why the "flyer" had been detained. The freight conductor, a wag with a turn for rhyme, sent back the following reply: "The wind was high, the steam was low,

The train was heavy and hard to tow, The coal was poor, 'twas mostly slate-Hence the detention of number eight." But the conductor's "poem" did not save him from doing penance—ten days off duty, without pay.

Railroad Gross Earnings. The United States Investor makes the

following report of gross earnings of rail-

"The gross earnings of fifty-one roads for the first week in July were \$6,074,414, against \$5,213 882 for the first week in July, 1898, an increase of \$860,532. Forty-five roads show increases and six decreases. Since Jan. 1 the roads referred to above earned \$178,142,-006, an increase of \$24,540,531 over the \$153, 601,475 reported for the corresponding period of 1898. For the longer period forty-five show increases and six decreases."

General Notes.

The Misouri Pacific is to extend its line from Joplin to Galena. It is said the C. & O. will declare a dividend of 1 per cent. not later than Aug. 1 The cost of the cars ordered in the first six months of the year aggregated about \$12,500,000.

The Northwestern has 246 miles of new line under construction-all laid with heavy steel and gravel ballasted. The Panhandle division has now in use on the Richmond division the largest steam

shovel ever constructed. The contractors on the Wooster & Ashland Railway have voluntarily advanced the pay of laborers to \$1.35 per day and of teams

The heavy traffic on the river division of the Cleveland & Pittsburg necessitates the keeping open of the telegraph offices on The yards of the Illinois Central at New Orleans will, when completed, have forty-

eight miles of track and afford accommodations for 3,600 cars. Herbert Carter, traveling passenger agent of the Soo at Minneapolis, has been appointed general passenger agent of the Ca-radian Pacific at Hong-Kong.

Vice President Hall, of the New York, New Haven & Hartford, says there is no ground for the statement that that road will be absorbed by the New York Central. The Central Passenger Association limits all roads to one Niagara Falls excursion this year. For some years past these ex-cursions have not been paying ventures. There were 18,819 cars transferred on the Belt road during the week ending Saturday. The road delivered at the stockyards 1,190 cars of live stock, and to private switches

No. 8 of the "Four Tracks Series," issued by the New York Central, is a sixty-four page pamphlet entitled "The Thousand Islands." It is profusely and beautifully Illustrated.

William Coughlin, division superintendent of the Cotton Belt route, with headquarters at Pine Bluff, has resigned and will in a short time become general superintendent of the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf. The report current three months ago, and vigorously denied at that time, that the

Delaware, Lackawanna & Western was nesotiating with the Vanderbilts for the lease of the Nickel-plate, is again renewed in New York financial and railway circles. Experiments are being made with electric headlights on engines fitted with a mirror which deflects upward part of the rays issuing from the light. It is claimed that this beam is visible from a great distance and gives an indication of the approach of a ocomotve often before the ray sent straight

Since December, 1898, 12,598 steel cars habeen ordered of the Pressed Steel Car Company, of Pittsburg, for delivery this year. of these nearly one-half have been delivered. The Pennsylvania Railroad, Baltimore & Ohio, Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern, Lehigh Valley, Philadelphia & Reading, Oregon Short-line, Union Pacific, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Great Northern and Egyptian State Pailways and Egyptian State Railways are roads which have ordered heavily.

NEWS IN SUNDAY'S JOURNAL Resume of Items Chronicled in the Edition of July 16.

The flood in the Erazos valley has caused a loss of nearly fifty lives. Indications are that the Kentucky tobacco crop will be a complete failure. There have been twenty-eight deaths at Santiago from yellow fever and 143 cases. Camille Flammarion is hedging on Spirit-ualism and now says he has not lost faith

The assessed value of taxable property in Kansas has increased \$2,500,000 in one Mme. Dreyfus was permitted to visit her

husband for several hours Saturday after-The Rev. G. Berner was elected president of the National German Christian Endeavor Union at Quincy, Ill. Mary Ellen Lease has become a Spirit-ualist and is at the head of a Spiritualistic combine termed the Spook Trust.

Theodore Roosevelt has accepted an invitation to deliver the memorial address on Grant's birthday at Galena, Ill., April 27, At Mason City, Ill., Roy Sutton shot and killed his sweetheart, Leota Elmore, and fatally wounded himself. He says that

they agreed to die together. The anti-imperialists in Boston propose to organize an uprising of negroes against President McKinley. The first meeting of the Boston Colored Auxiliary of the Anti-imperialist League will be held to-night. Saturday's League games: Brooklyn 5, Chicago 2; Philadelphia 4, Cincinnati 2; Louisville 4; Washington 1; New York 3, St. Louis 0; Baltimore 10, Cleveland 0; Bal-

timore 5, Cleveland 0; Boston 1, Pittsburg 0. Saturday's Western League games: Milwaukee 7. Indianapolis 4; Columbus 3, St. Paul 1; Minneapolis 11, Buffalo 6. In the Indiana-Illinois League Saturday Mattoon defeated Crawfordsville, Wabash defeated Bloomington and Danville and Terre Haute played a tie.

Indianapolis.

Samuel Barry, sixty years old. died suddenly of heart disease at 151 East South State ready to begin the disbursement of funds to be refunded to men who served in

Old Surgical Institute at Ohio street and Capitol avenue to be converted into an apartment house. The Hasselman Printing Company and

Journal Job Printing Company sold at auction by Receiver D. M. Ransdell. The Broad Ripple electric line was sold to William S. Brown, of Boston, for \$200,000. Impression prevails that property will pass into the hands of the Indianapolis Streetrailway Company.

> (From Sunday's Second Edition.) Deal in Oil Lands.

NEW YORK, July 15 .- Count C. F. Z. Carracristi, a mining and oil expert, ar-rived to-day on the steamer St. Paul. The count is returning to this country after having been instrumental in getting through a deal in oil lands involving \$5,000,000. Count Carracristi was summoned to London about a month ago to consult with Profs. W. E Galloway and Beverton Redwood, experts in oil. The deal on which the count was called from this country for consultation was the purchase of oil lands in Ohio and West Virginia. The count had investigated the property and he advised that the purchase be made. This was done and \$5,000,000 changed hands. Count Carracristi said: "I was consulted with a view of deciding whether it would be advantageous for British investors to purchase petroleum producing sections in America. Professor Redwood, who is the chemist to the British Parliament, came to this country in the interest of an English syndicate in February, and as a result of his inspection English capital is invested in petroleum lands owned by the Cherokee nation. This was the foundation of a new field of English investment, and I have no doubt that in a short time the American petroleum will be as much the fashion in London as Russian oil has been for some years past. The British public have begun to awaken to the fact that the Russian government offers but little protection to foreign investors in petroleum lands. Foreigners and Jews are not allowed to hold property and the lands cannot be held in trust, as there is no trustee law.

Deceived by Chandler. BOSTON, July 15 .- Chairman Mark S Brewer, of the Civil-service Commission board, which has been conducting a hearing at Concord, N. H., of charges against Senator Gallinger, was in Boston to-day. Speaking of the affair on hand, Mr. Brewer said that, although the public hearings were ended, the work of the commissioners is still in progress, and the result may depend largely upon what is learned from the secret inquiry. As to the proceedings at Con-

Two Facts About Arbuckles' Coffee

It has set the standard of quality for all competitors for the last thirty years. The strongest claim any competitor can make is that his coffee is "just as good as Arbuckles'."

THREE CONCLUSIONS

The best Coffee is Arbuckles'. The only Coffee to buy is Arbuckles'. The right thing is to insist on having Arbuckles'.

house-holdard on the farm.

No. 74. Noiseless Spring

Tape Measure.

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Measuring Tape.



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Men's

Suspenders.

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Suspenders,

durable, neat

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cent post-

and 16 sig-

from wrap-

pers of Ar-

buckles' Roast

No. 92

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picture 15x

20 inches in

size. Sent

post - paid

on receipt

of 2 cent

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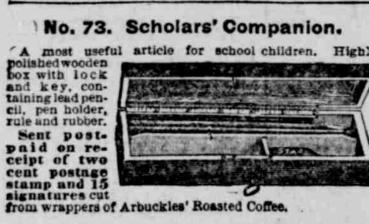
The First Kiss

age stamp

No. 72 A School Bag. 14 inches wide, 10 inches deep, nickel-plated made of handsome colored finished. It can netting. Sent post-paid on be carried in the receipt of 2 cent postage
stamp and 10 signatures
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Roasted Coffee.

be carried in the
vest pocket. Sent
post-paid on
receipt of 2c. postage stamp and
10 signatures cut from wrappers of
Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee. Roasted Coffee.

A most useful article for school children. Highly



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When extended to not dead to no No. 83 A Table Cover.

A double strop, one of leather and one of canvas, bound together. Length, 22 inches, width, two inches, trimmings nickel plated. Sent receipt of two cent postage

Two is Company.

No. 82

Barber

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Handsome cloth, variestamp and 12 gated figured pattern with fringe, 32 inches. Sent

The original was painted

by Percy Moran. This

reproduc

Size 16%x 25% inches. Sent post-paid on

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two cent

from wrappers of of two cent postage Arbuckles Roast- stamp and 25 signa-Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee. by Rudyand Kipling. No. 93 No. 94. A Basket of Beauties. A magnificent picture of Roses by Paul de Longpre, the great painter of flowers. We believe this to be one of the handsomest

Any one Book of the following List will be sent post-paid on receipt of a 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from the wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

Lady's Belt Buckle.

Silver plated artistic design. Sent

postpaid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and S signa-

No. 77. Telescope

Drinking Cup.
This article is prevented from fall-

ing apart by its unique construction Nickel-plated and highly finished

Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee,

No. 84 A ONE NIGHT MYSTERY, and two other great Detective Stories, by "OLD SLEUTH." No. 85 ADVENTURES OF A BASHFUL BACHELOR, by CLARA AUGUSTA. A mirth provoking story. No. 86 TEMPEST AND SUNSHINE. A Novel, by Mrs. Mary J. Holmes. The most popular female writer of fiction of the age. No. 87 THE SUNNYSIDE COOK BOOK, by MRS. JENNIE HARLAN. This is one of the most comprehensive, common

scoped.

sense Cook Books ever published No. 88 OLD SECRETS AND NEW DISCOVERIES. This book takes the reader out of the beaten tracks of knowledge, and will be found both entertaining and useful be found both entertaining and useful.

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Pictures.

Imported Picture 15x20 inches in' size. Sent tures cut

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An Album of lilustrated

Natural History.

selected for their beauty and rarity.

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No. 79. Pepper

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Fifty colored pictures of Animals

post-paid ou receipt of 2 cent

A beautiful

Balance Scale.

Will weigh from

express, charges prepaid by us, on receipt of 2 cent

postage stamp and 200 signa-tures cut from

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Office as well as your Post Office.

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No. 91

The First Prayer.

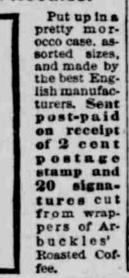
No. 96. Noah's Ark. A menagerie, consisting of 12 pairs of Animals—Elephants, Camels, Deer, Horses,

Cattle, Donkeys, Goats, Lions, Bears, Tigers, Each measuring 91/x17 Dogs and Cats. Each pair is coupled and inches. The titles are Summer Fragrance," stands alone. They are lithographed in "A Vase of Lilies," and many colors on heavy cardboard, cut out "Fresh and Sweet," and embossed. Every feature of the Animals These three pictures all go together, and will be is distinctly shown. The elephants are 7 sent post-paid on re- inches high and 10 inches long, and the other ceipt of 2 cent post- Animals are proportionately large. Sent age stamp and 5 sigpost-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage natures cut from wrapon receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and pers of Arbuckles' stamp and 15 signatures cut from buckles' Roasted Coffee. | Stamp and 15 signatures cut from buckles' Roasted Coffee.



buckles' Roasted Coffee.







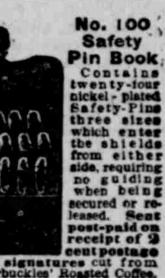


is 1614 x2516 inches in size. Sent post-paid









stamp and S signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee,

This represents one page of a List which is found in each pound package of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee, and with each package in which the List is found the purchaser has bought a definite part of some article to be selected by him or her from the List, subject only to the condition that the signature on the package is to be cut out and returned to Arbuckle Bros. as a voucher, in accordance with the directions printed in connection with each item illustrated and described in the List. This List will be kept good only till May 31, 1900. Another page of this List will appear in this paper shortly.

Address all communications to ARBUCKLE BROS., NOTION DEPT., NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.

by letters he wrote, and that when we came to Concord witnesses would appear before us and state plain facts. I may truthfully say that not a person appeared before us who would admit personal knowledge of transactions connecting Senator Gallinger directly with the issuance of the circulars."
"You will readily understand," Mr. Brewer continued, "that it is not for me to say what importance the full commission may place upon the evidence recorded. My advice to Senator Chandler would have been to take his evidence to the district attorney which, under the circumstances, would have been the more satisfactory course, as we had not the power to subpoena witnesses or administer oath."

This is a picture of the Sig-nature on Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee Wrapper, which you are to cut out and send to us as a

No other part of the Coffee Wrapper will be accepted as a voucher, nor will this Picture be

accepted as such.

Flint Glass Men Picnic.

MUNCIE, Ind., July 15 .- The flint glass workers' international convention did little work to-day, adjourning at noon, after a morning session, at which no action of importance was taken. The convention is still waiting for committee reports. At noon there was an adjournment made until Monday morning. A picnic was indulged in this afternoon at West-side Park by the delegates. There was dancing during the afternoon and evening. The baseball game between East and West delegates, with President Smith as umpire, resulted in a tie, to 5, with the game called on account of darkness in the tenth inning. Following this there were tub and boat races, President Smith besting Vice President Hinckley n a boat race. This was followed by sack races, donkey races and other sports. President Smith announces to-night that the delegates will not get away from Muncle before Friday of next week. The report from the green glass workers' international meeting at Atlantic City last night, to the effect that it had voted not to amalgamate with the other trades, caused a sensation in the meeting here, and telegrams were exchanged between Presidents Smith and Hayes, to the effect that the matter had not yet been acted on, and the report made an erroneous impression.

Result of Whist Games. CHICAGO, July 15 .- The results of the Hamilton trophy contest in the whist tournament this afternoon were: Philadelphia defeated Oaks (Austin) by two tricks; Heyer (Racine) defeated Toledo by eight tricks: Buffalo defeated Indianapolis by one trick; Cleveland and Chicago duplicate did

The results in the American Whist League challenge contest, played this afternoon, were: St. Paul defeated Commercial (Sioux) Falls) by eleven tricks; Atheneum (Toronto) defeated American (Boston) by four tricks; North Shore and Nashville did not play. Eight clubs qualified for the final contest for the Minneapolis trophy. They were, with the total number of games won by each, as follows: Chicago Duplicate, 451/2; Chicago Whist, 451/2; Cicero, 451/2; Office Men's (St. Louis), 441/2; Ravenswood, 441/2; Des Moines, 44; Minneapolis, 421/2; Walbrook (Baltimore), 421/2.
The Minneapolis trophy was held last year by the Newton Whist Club, of Massachu-

An Unnatural Son.

COLUMBUS, Ind., July 15 .- William Louden, reputed to be wealthy and until recently a member of the firm of Brockman, Lou-den & Tompkins, well-known contractors. to-day refused to receive from the American Express Company the remains of his father, Albert Louden, who died in Paragould, Ark., July 13, Mr. Louden refusing to pay the express charges of \$23. Mr. Louden received a telegram last Thursday from Dr. F. M. Scott, of Paragould, that his father was dead. He was asked what to do with the remains and telegraphed back to send them here. The express company offered to deliver the casket at his home to-day, but he refused to receive it, and Local Agent George Hibbs telegraphed the superintendent of the company at Indianapolis asking what disposition should be made of fifteen minutes at Friendship, N. Y.—a little town on the Allegheny division—by a west-bound freight. The delay was, of course, reported by the conductor of No. 8 to the superintendent at Hornellsville, and the superintendent immediately telegraphed the sign of the convicting testimony, as I might show you it. The company placed the corpse in J. D. Chandler's communications about charges which demanded an official inquiry, for we were led to believe he had personal knowledge of violations or could lay his hands upon men who would appear before us with perintendent immediately telegraphed the it. The company placed the corpse in J. D.

try and had not been heard of since. William Louden offered to bury his father if some one would pay the express charges. Investigate County Offices.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal:

SOME OF OUR SIGNATURES ARE PRINTED ON RED BACKGROUND.

In all counties where either party has such a decided majority of the voters that a nomination is equivalent to an election, and where no investigation is ever had as to the conduct of the officials, there is great danger that extravagance, looseness of methods and sometimes criminality will be the result. That such has been the case in many counties in this State is manifest. The people demanded some protection and better safeguards, and the last Legislature tried to meet that demand by some new and unusual legislation to reform these abuses. How effective the law will be cannot now be foreseen. That it will accomplish something in correcting the evils at which it is aimed cannot be doubted. But it seems to me that if the people who pay the taxes in all counties where there is just suspicion of wrongdoing on the part of county officials would demand of the County Commissioners a thorough and searching examination of the books and business methods by a competent expert it would be more effective than the present law. Such an investigation occasionally made would go a long way to prevent a recurrence of these evils in our county affairs. It would be a standing menace to careless or dishonest officials. As it is now, the books and business of a county are handed over to a successor who may have been a deputy in the same office. The deputy in many cases is largely indebted to his predecessor for his nomination and election and is a willing instrument to cover up any mistakes or wrong of his predecessor. Thus year after year the wrongs go on and the people who have to bear the burdens of high taxation know nothing about how their business is being done. The anxiety for party success in the future is a potent force to hush up all complaints, but the enormous expense of transacting county business and the consequent increase in taxation has produced a general feeling of unrest and suspicion. Many an honest and faithful official is looked upon with distrust. An investigation would remove all that, and only those who deserve condemnation would suffer. It is, therefore, due to the men who have done and are doing their duty that the truth should come out. Party pride, as well as partisan interest and policy, would prompt the nomi-nation of capable and honest men, the investigation of whose official conduct would strengthen and not disgrace and defeat the party in the future. It is bad politics for any party to attempt to defend or cover up a wrong. Party ties are not strong enough to hold the voters to support of dishonest officials. In private business the employe is under the constant scrutiny and investigation of his employer. He should be so in our public business. If it were so defaleations and embezzlements would be less frequent. The indifference of the people is largely to blame for the dishonesty of coun-

Greensburg, Ind., July 15. When Each May Do What He Likes. When that good time arirves That each of us who strives Along unpleasant ways to-day

WILL CUMBACK.

May choose from all the rest The task that suits him best, What will your fancy turn to, pray? You who are weary now What time you guide the plow Will you put on a helmet then? Or will you cruise the seas, Or will you seek to please The world with chisel, brush or pen? And you who wield the pick, And you who build with brick, And you who toll with awl and thread, What ways will you pursue, What great things will you do, What high professions will you wed?

I know before you say:

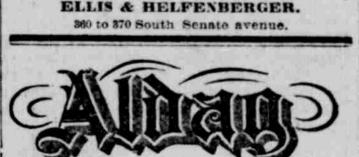
When that delightful day For which we sigh, for which we sing, Arrives, at last, we'll all Let pens and trowels fall, And never more do anything. -S. E. Kiser in Chicago Times-Herald.

AMUSEMENTS. Week commencing Sunday, July 18, Bessie and Tommy Meiers, the child wonders, will give an exhibition of high and

three years, will row a miniature boat unassisted. Two exhibitions daily-4 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. I I BJONG CRO B

trapeze diving and fancy trick swimming. Baby Elma, aged

FIRE ESCAPES. Iron and Wire and Woven Wire Farm Fencing.



Painters' Supplies and Window Glass, Best goods. Fair prices. Fair dealing. THE ALDAG PAINT AND VARNISH CO. 426 E. Washington St.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS. PETITION OF BANKRUPT FOR HIS DISCHARGE.

No. 241. In bankruptcy In the matter of Joseph Habig, bankrupt. District of Indiana, ss. On this 8th day of July, A. D. 1899, on reading the petition of the bankrupt for his discharge, it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1899, before said court, at Indianapolis, in said district, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, and that notice thereof be published twice in the Indianapolis Journal, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be

granted. And it is further ordered by the court, that the clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated. Witness, the Honorable John H. Baker, judge of said court, and the seal thereof at Indianapolis, in said district, on the 8th day of July, NOBLE C. BUTLER, Clerk. PETITION OF BANKRUPT FOR HIS DISCHARGE.

No. 236. In bankruptcy In the matter of Joseph M. Johnson, bankrupt. District of Indiana, ss. On this 8th day of July, A. D. 1899, on reading the petition of the bankrupt for his discharge. it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1839, before said court, at Indianapolis, in said district, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, and that notice thereof be published twice in the Indianapolis Journal, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be

And it is further ordered by the court, that the clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated. Witness, the Honorable John H. Baker, judge of said court, and the seal thereof at Indianapolis, in said district, on the 8th day of July, NOBLE C. BUTLER, Clerk

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS. PETITION OF BANKRUPT FOR HER DISCHARGE.

No. 254. In bankruptcy. In the matter of Mary S. Wells, bankrupt. District of Indiana, ss. On this 8th day of July, A. D. 1899, on reading the petition of the bankrupt for her discharge, it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1899, before said court, at Indianapolis, in said district, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, and that notice thereof be published twice in the Indianapolis Journal, a newspaper printed in said dis-trict, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be

And it is further ordered by the court, that the clerk shall send by mail to all known credit copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.
Witness, the Honorable John H. Baker, judge
of said court, and the seal thereof at Indianapolis, in said district, on the 8th day of July. NOBLE C. BUTLER, Clerk. SEAL. PETITION OF BANKRUPT FOR HIS

DISCHARGE. No. 221. In bankruptcy. In the matter of Everett L. Smith, bankrupt. District of Indiana, ss. On this 8th day of July, A. D. 1899, on reading the petition of the bankrupt for his discharge, it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1899, before said court, at Indianapolis, in said district, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, and that notice thereof be published twice in the Indianapolis Journal, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time

and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted And it is further ordered by the court, that the clerk shall send by mail to all known credit copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated. Witness, the Honorable John H. Baker, judge of said court, and the seal thereof at Indianapolis, in said district, on the 8th day of July. [SEAL.] NOBLE C. BUTLER, Clerk.

PETITION OF BANKRUPT FOR HIS DISCHARGE. In the matter of Louis Finkelstein, bankrupt,

District of Indiana, ss. On this 8th day of July, A. D. 1899, on reading the petition of the bankrupt for his discharge it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1899, before said court, at Indianapolis, in said district, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, and that notice thereof be published twice in the Indianapolis Journal, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not And it is further ordered by the court, that the clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed

to them at their places of residence as stated. Witness, the Honorable John H. Baker, judge of said court, and the seal thereof at Indianapolis, in said district, on the 8th day of July. NOBLE C. BUTLER, Clerk. NOTICE OF FIRST MEETING OF CRED-ITORS.

In the District Court of the United States for the district of Indiana in bankruptcy. In the matter of Claudius C. Jones, bankrupt. No. 279 in bankruptcy. To the creditors of Claudius C. Jones, of In

dianapolis, in the county of Marion, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt; Notice is hereby given that on the eleventh day of July. A. D. 1899, the said Claudius C. Jones was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at Room 62, Lombard building. No. 244 East Washington street, in the city of Indianapolis, Marion county, Indiana, on the twenty-ninth day of July. A. D. 1839, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt. and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

ALBERT RABB. Referee in Bankrupter Indianapolis, Ind., July 13, 1899.